



Field Guides Tour Report

Amazonian Ecuador: Sacha Lodge I 2015

Jan 9, 2015 to Jan 18, 2015

Willy Perez

For our tour description, itinerary, past triplists, dates, fees, and more, please [VISIT OUR TOUR PAGE](#).

The Amazon lowland rainforest as everyone knows is the most biodiverse place on earth, but it is not the easiest place to watch birds. Since places like Sacha Lodge have opened things are a bit different. The facilities the lodge provides make it easier for numerous species: from the new deck you can just set up the scope and watch Long-billed Woodcreeper, King Vultures, even sloths. The canopy platform and walkway towers are the only way to see birds that are nearly impossible to see from the ground floor. It is amazing to see the toucans, cotingas, parrots and even some of the duller, small ones that live high up there too.

Sacha has two canopy access points (a large wooden platform in a huge Ceiba tree, and metal, three-towered, canopy walkway), and they each allows us to see different species of wildlife. Additionally, canoe rides from the lodge take us to forest that is flooded, where species adapted to this habitat are present, and this is a great way to see kingfishers, herons, and even some of the antbirds. The combination of many trails in varied types of forest and the extremely biodiverse Yasuni National Park on the southern side of the Napo allows us to do and see a lot.

During our tour we used all these facilities and opportunities to see so many birds and animals during our trip, with highlights including the following:

- three King Vultures that were flying over as we disembarked from the big canoe;
- a Green-and-rufous Kingfisher eating an eel along the Orquidea creek;
- the big Spix's Guans from the metal tower;
- a very well camouflaged Great Potoo that took us time to find;
- a view from above of Purplish Jacamar sitting on the wire on the metal tower;
- a very friendly Collared Puffbird that stayed in the same place for a long time;
- scope views of the Rusty-belted Tapaculo on the way to the clay lick;
- the Rufous-headed Woodpecker seen from the boat along the Napo river;
- the extremely long bill of the Long-billed Woodcreeper;
- a Wire-tailed Manakin male in full scope view;
- and the top highlight for everyone, our view of a Screaming Piha view through the scope while it was calling.

My thanks to all of you who came along on this tour with us -- It was great to have you on board! Also, thank you to Marcelo, our local guide who showed us a lot of good birds.

I hope that I will see you birding again soon.

--Willy

KEYS FOR THIS LIST

One of the following keys may be shown in brackets for individual species as appropriate: * = heard only, I = introduced, E = endemic, N = nesting, a = austral migrant, b = boreal migrant

BIRDS

Tinamidae (Tinamous)

GREAT TINAMOU (*Tinamus major peruvianus*) – Seen by most of the group near the lodge

CINEREOUS TINAMOU (*Crypturellus cinereus*) [*]



Collared Puffbird is always a great bird to see, and for some of our group it was the bird of the tour. (Photo by guide Willy Perez)

UNDULATED TINAMOU (*Crypturellus undulatus*) [*]

Anatidae (Ducks, Geese, and Waterfowl)

ORINOCO GOOSE (*Neochen jubata*) – We saw a pair of this rare species on the Napo, a nice surprise for us.

Cracidae (Guanos, Chachalacas, and Curassows)

SPECKLED CHACHALACA (*Ortalis guttata*)

SPIX'S GUAN (*Penelope jacquacu*) – Great views of this big guan from the towers.

Ardeidae (Herons, Egrets, and Bitterns)

ZIGZAG HERON (*Zebrilus undulatus*) – Few people manage to see this very shy heron that came out near the board walk

RUFESCENT TIGER-HERON (*Tigrisoma lineatum*) – The camouflage of this heron was unique against the brown vegetation along the Orquidea creek.

COCOI HERON (*Ardea cocoi*)

GREAT EGRET (*Ardea alba*)

SNOWY EGRET (*Egretta thula*)

CATTLE EGRET (*Bubulcus ibis*)

STRIATED HERON (*Butorides striata*)

CAPPED HERON (*Pilherodius pileatus*)

BLACK-CROWNED NIGHT-HERON (*Nycticorax nycticorax*)

BOAT-BILLED HERON (*Cochlearius cochlearius*) – When you see the bill of this bird you understand why it got its name.

Threskiornithidae (Ibis and Spoonbills)

ROSEATE SPOONBILL (*Platalea ajaja*)

Cathartidae (New World Vultures)

BLACK VULTURE (*Coragyps atratus*)

TURKEY VULTURE (*Cathartes aura*)

GREATER YELLOW-HEADED VULTURE (*Cathartes melambrotus*) – The largest Vulture that we saw.

KING VULTURE (*Sarcoramphus papa*) –

Pandionidae (Osprey)

OSPREY (*Pandion haliaetus*)

Accipitridae (Hawks, Eagles, and Kites)

HOOK-BILLED KITE (*Chondrohierax uncinatus*)

GRAY-HEADED KITE (*Leptodon cayanensis*)

SWALLOW-TAILED KITE (*Elanoides forficatus*)

SLENDER-BILLED KITE (*Helicolestes hamatus*)

DOUBLE-TOOTHED KITE (*Harpagus bidentatus*) – The usual pair that lives on the metal tower.

PLUMBEOUS KITE (*Ictinia plumbea*)

CRANE HAWK (*Geranospiza caerulescens*)

SLATE-COLORED HAWK (*Buteogallus schistaceus*)

ROADSIDE HAWK (*Rupornis magnirostris*)

WHITE HAWK (*Pseudastur albicollis*) – Scope looks from the wooden tower.

Rallidae (Rails, Gallinules, and Coots)

RUFOUS-SIDED CRAKE (*Laterallus melanophaius*)

GRAY-BREASTED CRAKE (*Laterallus exilis*) – Observed in flight on the river island.

Aramidae (Limpkin)

LIMPKIN (*Aramus guarauna*)

Charadriidae (Plovers and Lapwings)

SOUTHERN LAPWING (*Vanellus chilensis*)

COLLARED PLOVER (*Charadrius collaris*)

Scolopacidae (Sandpipers and Allies)

SPOTTED SANDPIPER (*Actitis macularius*)

GREATER YELLOWLEGS (*Tringa melanoleuca*)

LESSER YELLOWLEGS (*Tringa flavipes*)

Laridae (Gulls, Terns, and Skimmers)

YELLOW-BILLED TERN (*Sternula superciliaris*)

Columbidae (Pigeons and Doves)

PALE-VENTED PIGEON (*Patagioenas cayennensis*) – Many of them close to the Pilchecocha lagoon.

PLUMBEOUS PIGEON (*Patagioenas plumbea*)

RUDDY PIGEON (*Patagioenas subvinacea*)

SAPPHIRE QUAIL-DOVE (*Geotrygon saphirina*) [*]

RUDDY QUAIL-DOVE (*Geotrygon montana*) [*]

EARED DOVE (*Zenaida auriculata*)

Opisthocomidae (Hoatzin)

HOATZIN (*Opisthocomus hoazin*) – The appearance of this species is so bizarre that it is always good fun to watch them.

Cuculidae (Cuckoos)

SQUIRREL CUCKOO (*Piaya cayana*)

GREATER ANI (*Crotophaga major*)

SMOOTH-BILLED ANI (*Crotophaga ani*)

Strigidae (Owls)

TROPICAL SCREECH-OWL (*Megascops choliba*)

TAWNY-BELLIED SCREECH-OWL (*Megascops watsonii*) – It was fantastic to see this small Owl in his roosting spot.

CRESTED OWL (*Lophostrix cristata*)

SPECTACLED OWL (*Pulsatrix perspicillata*) [***]

FERRUGINOUS PYGMY-OWL (*Glaucidium brasilianum*)

Caprimulgidae (Nightjars and Allies)

COMMON PAURAQUE (*Nyctidromus albicollis*)

LADDER-TAILED NIGHTJAR (*Hydropsalis climacocerca*)

Nyctibiidae (Potoos)

GREAT POTOO (*Nyctibius grandis*) – We had one at eye level from the metal tower. It was so similar to the branch where it was sitting that it took a bit of a time to find It.

COMMON POTOO (*Nyctibius griseus*) [***]

Apodidae (Swifts)

WHITE-COLLARED SWIFT (*Streptoprocne zonaris*)

SHORT-TAILED SWIFT (*Chaetura brachyura*)

FORK-TAILED PALM-SWIFT (*Tachornis squamata*) – This very slender Swift looks like a big insect when you see it flying.

Trochilidae (Hummingbirds)

RUFOUS-BREASTED HERMIT (*Glaucis hirsutus*)

WHITE-BEARDED HERMIT (*Phaethornis hispidus*)

STRAIGHT-BILLED HERMIT (*Phaethornis bourcieri*)

GREAT-BILLED HERMIT (*Phaethornis malaris*)

BLACK-THROATED HERMIT (*Phaethornis atrimentalis*)

SPARKLING VIOLETEAR (*Colibri coruscans*)

BLACK-TAILED TRAINBEARER (*Lesbia victoriae victoriae*)

GOULD'S JEWELFRONT (*Heliodoxa aurescens*)

LONG-BILLED STARTHROAT (*Heliomaster longirostris*)

WESTERN EMERALD (*Chlorostilbon melanorhynchus melanorhynchus*)

FORK-TAILED WOODNYMPH (*Thalurania furcata*)

OLIVE-SPOTTED HUMMINGBIRD (*Leucippus chlorocercus*) – Very few people manage to see this plain Hummingbird that lives only on the river islands.

GLITTERING-THROATED EMERALD (*Amazilia fimbriata*)

Trogonidae (Trogons)

BLACK-TAILED TROGON (*Trogon melanurus*) [***]

GREEN-BACKED TROGON (*Trogon viridis*)

AMAZONIAN TROGON (*Trogon ramonianus*)

COLLARED TROGON (*Trogon collaris*)

Momotidae (Motmots)

AMAZONIAN MOTMOT (*Momotus momota*) – A very common bird that you hear all the time but very difficult to see, eventually we managed to see it.

Alcedinidae (Kingfishers)

RINGED KINGFISHER (*Megaceryle torquata*)

GREEN KINGFISHER (*Chloroceryle americana*)

GREEN-AND-RUFOUS KINGFISHER (*Chloroceryle inda*) – We had several good looks of this shy Kingfisher but the one with the small eel in its beak was the best.

AMERICAN PYGMY KINGFISHER (*Chloroceryle aenea*)

Bucconidae (Puffbirds)

WHITE-NECKED PUFFBIRD (*Notharchus hyperrhynchus*)

PIED PUFFBIRD (*Notharchus tectus*)

COLLARED PUFFBIRD (*Bucco capensis*) – For some people the bird of the trip, we found one that was building a nest.

BLACK-FRONTED NUNBIRD (*Monasa nigrifrons*)

WHITE-FRONTED NUNBIRD (*Monasa morphoeus*)

YELLOW-BILLED NUNBIRD (*Monasa flavirostris*)

SWALLOW-WINGED PUFFBIRD (*Chelidoptera tenebrosa*)

Galbulidae (Jacamars)

WHITE-EARED JACAMAR (*Galbalcyrhyynchus leucotis*)

YELLOW-BILLED JACAMAR (*Galbula albirostris*)

WHITE-CHINNED JACAMAR (*Galbula tombacea*)

PURPLISH JACAMAR (*Galbula chalcothorax*)

GREAT JACAMAR (*Jacamerops aureus*)

Capitonidae (New World Barbets)

SCARLET-CROWNED BARBET (*Capito aurovirens*)

GILDED BARBET (*Capito auratus*)

LEMON-THROATED BARBET (*Eubucco richardsoni*) – We saw a male from the river on the southern side of the Napo river.

Ramphastidae (Toucans)

CHESTNUT-EARED ARACARI (*Pteroglossus castanotis*)

MANY-BANDED ARACARI (*Pteroglossus pluricinctus*)

IVORY-BILLED ARACARI (*Pteroglossus azara*)

GOLDEN-COLLARED TOUCANET (*Selenidera reinwardtii*)

WHITE-THROATED TOUCAN (*Ramphastos tucanus cuvieri*)

CHANNEL-BILLED TOUCAN (YELLOW-RIDGED) (*Ramphastos vitellinus culminatus*)

Picidae (Woodpeckers)

YELLOW-TUFTED WOODPECKER (*Melanerpes cruentatus*)

LITTLE WOODPECKER (*Veniliornis passerinus*)

RED-STAINED WOODPECKER (*Veniliornis affinis*)

SPOT-BREASTED WOODPECKER (*Colaptes punctigula*)

SCALE-BREASTED WOODPECKER (*Celeus grammicus*)

CHESTNUT WOODPECKER (*Celeus elegans*)

CREAM-COLORED WOODPECKER (*Celeus flavus*)

RUFOUS-HEADED WOODPECKER (*Celeus spectabilis*) – This woodpecker lives only in young forest or on river islands and it behaved so nicely for us when a female came out to the edge of the Napo river.

CRIMSON-CRESTED WOODPECKER (*Campephilus melanoleucus*)

Falconidae (Falcons and Caracaras)

BLACK CARACARA (*Daptrius ater*)

YELLOW-HEADED CARACARA (*Milvago chimachima*) – Many of them along the Napo river.

LAUGHING FALCON (*Herpetotheres cachinnans*) [*]

AMERICAN KESTREL (*Falco sparverius*)

BAT FALCON (*Falco rufigularis*)

Psittacidae (New World and African Parrots)

SCARLET-SHOULDERED PARROTLET (*Touit huetii*) – Very high on a tree Marcelo managed to scope one of them when we went to the clay lick.

COBALT-WINGED PARAKEET (*Brotogeris cyanoptera*)

ORANGE-CHEEKED PARROT (*Pyrilia barrabandi*)

BLUE-HEADED PARROT (*Pionus menstruus*) – A few of them were eating clay on the river bank.

YELLOW-CROWNED PARROT (*Amazona ochrocephala*)

MEALY PARROT (*Amazona farinosa*)

ORANGE-WINGED PARROT (*Amazona amazonica*)

BLACK-HEADED PARROT (*Pionites melanocephalus*) – The most numerous parrots that we saw.

MAROON-TAILED PARAKEET (*Pyrrhura melanura*)

DUSKY-HEADED PARAKEET (*Aratinga weddellii*)

RED-BELLIED MACAW (*Orthopsittaca manilatus*) [*]

BLUE-AND-YELLOW MACAW (*Ara ararauna*) [*]

SCARLET MACAW (*Ara macao*) [*]

CHESTNUT-FRONTED MACAW (*Ara severus*)

Thamnophilidae (Typical Antbirds)

UNDULATED ANTSHRIKE (*Frederickena unduliger*) [*]

PLAIN-WINGED ANTSHRIKE (*Thamnophilus schistaceus*) [*]

MOUSE-COLORED ANTSHRIKE (*Thamnophilus murinus*)

CASTELNAU'S ANTSHRIKE (*Thamnophilus cryptoleucus*) – We had great views of this bird that lives on the river islands.

DUSKY-THROATED ANTSHRIKE (*Thamnomanes ardesiacus*)

CINEREOUS ANTSHRIKE (*Thamnomanes caesius*)

PLAIN-THROATED ANTWRREN (*Isleria hauxwelli*)

PYGMY ANTWREN (*Myrmotherula brachyura*) – This very small bird was seen from the wooden tower.

WHITE-FLANKED ANTWREN (*Myrmotherula axillaris*)

GRAY ANTWREN (*Myrmotherula menetriesii*) [<*]

PERUVIAN WARBLING-ANTBIRD (*Hypocnemis peruviana*)

GRAY ANTBIIRD (*Cercomacra cinerascens*) [<*]

BLACK-FACED ANTBIIRD (*Myrmoborus myotherinus*)

SILVERED ANTBIIRD (*Sclateria naevia*) – A very common species that always lives close to the water.

SPOT-WINGED ANTBIIRD (*Schistocichla leucostigma*)

WHITE-SHOULDERED ANTBIIRD (*Myrmeciza melanoceps*)

PLUMBEOUS ANTBIIRD (*Myrmeciza hyperythra*)

SOOTY ANTBIIRD (*Myrmeciza fortis*)

WHITE-CHEEKED ANTBIIRD (*Gymnopithys leucaspis*) – Split from Bicolored that only occurs on the west, White cheeked is the eastern one.

LUNULATED ANTBIIRD (*Gymnopithys lunulatus*) [<*]

[SPOT-BACKED] ANTBIIRD (NEW SPECIES) (*Hylophylax [naevius] sp. nov.?*) – Great views of this species from the board walk.

DOT-BACKED ANTBIIRD (*Hylophylax punctulatus*)

COMMON SCALE-BACKED ANTBIIRD (*Willisornis poecilinotus*)

BLACK-SPOTTED BARE-EYE (*Phlegopsis nigromaculata*) [<*]

Conopophagidae (Gnateaters)

CHESTNUT-BELTED GNATEATER (*Conopophaga aurita*) [<*]

Grallariidae (Antpittas)

THRUSH-LIKE ANTPITTA (*Myrmothera campanisona*) [<*]

Rhinocryptidae (Tapaculos)

RUSTY-BELTED TAPACULO (*Liosceles thoracicus*) – Seldom do you manage to scope a Tapaculo but we were very lucky when we had one calling for a long time and everyone had a fantastic scope views.

Formicariidae (Antthrushes)

RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTTHRUSH (*Formicarius colma*) – In the Yasuni National Park we managed to scope this secretive bird that stayed for some time calling.

Furnariidae (Ovenbirds and Woodcreepers)

SHORT-BILLED LEAFTOSSER (*Sclerurus rufigularis*) [<*]

BLACK-TAILED LEAFTOSSER (*Sclerurus caudacutus*) [<*]

PLAIN-BROWN WOODCREEPER (*Dendrocincla fuliginosa*)

WEDGE-BILLED WOODCREEPER (*Glyphorynchus spirurus*) – The smallest woodcreeper that we saw on the trip.

CINNAMON-THROATED WOODCREEPER (*Dendrexetastes rufigula*)

LONG-BILLED WOODCREEPER (*Nasica longirostris*) – What a bill from this big Woodcreeper.

AMAZONIAN BARRED-WOODCREEPER (*Dendrocolaptes certhia*)

BLACK-BANDED WOODCREEPER (*Dendrocolaptes picumnus*)

STRIPED WOODCREEPER (*Xiphorhynchus obsoletus*)

BUFF-THROATED WOODCREEPER (*Xiphorhynchus guttatus*)

STRAIGHT-BILLED WOODCREEPER (*Dendroplex picus*)

PLAIN XENOPS (*Xenops minutus*)

LESSER HORNERO (*Furnarius minor*) – The only Hornero on the trip was seen on the river island.

CINNAMON-RUMPED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (*Philydor pyrrhodes*) [<*]

CHESTNUT-WINGED HOOKBILL (*Ancistrops strigilatus*) – The towers give you a great advantage to see canopy birds and this was a good example when one Hookbill come close to the metal tower.

DARK-BREASTED SPINETAIL (*Synallaxis albicularis*)

WHITE-BELLIED SPINETAIL (*Synallaxis propinqua*)

Tyrannidae (Tyrant Flycatchers)

SOUTHERN BEARDLESS-TYRANNULET (*Camptostoma obsoletum*)

YELLOW-CROWNED TYRANNULET (*Tyrannulus elatus*)

GRAY ELAENIA (*Myiopagis caniceps*)

RIVER TYRANNULET (*Serpophaga hypoleuca*) – This gray small Tyrannulet was seen on the river island.

OCHRE-BELLIED FLYCATCHER (*Mionectes oleagineus*) [<*]

SLENDER-FOOTED TYRANNULET (*Zimmerius gracilipes*)

LESSER WAGTAIL-TYRANT (*Stigmatura napensis*)

WHITE-EYED TODY-TYRANT (*Hemitriccus zosterops*)

SPOTTED TODY-FLYCATCHER (*Todirostrum maculatum*)

YELLOW-BROWED TODY-FLYCATCHER (*Todirostrum chrysocrotaphum*) – The wooden tower was the perfect place to see this very small flycatcher that lives high up in the canopy.

GRAY-CROWNED FLYCATCHER (*Tolmomyias poliocephalus*)

YELLOW-BREASTED FLYCATCHER (*Tolmomyias flaviventris*)

GOLDEN-CROWNED SPADEBILL (*Platyrinchus coronatus*) [*****]

RUDDY-TAILED FLYCATCHER (*Terenotriccus erythrurus*) – Great scope views of this almost orange Flycatcher that we saw along the Providencia trail.

EULER'S FLYCATCHER (*Lathrotriccus euleri*)

EASTERN WOOD-PEWEE (*Contopus virens*) [**b***]

FUSCOUS FLYCATCHER (FUSCOUS) (*Cnemotriccus fuscatus fuscator*)

WILLOW FLYCATCHER (*Empidonax traillii*)

VERMILION FLYCATCHER (*Pyrocephalus rubinus*) – Male was seen in the gardens of San Jose.

DRAB WATER TYRANT (*Ochthornis littoralis*)

RUFOUS-TAILED FLATBILL (*Ramphotrigon ruficauda*)

CINNAMON ATTILA (*Attila cinnamomeus*)

CITRON-BELLIED ATTILA (*Attila citriniventris*) [*****]

BRIGHT-RUMPED ATTILA (*Attila spadiceus*) [*****]

GRAYISH MOURNER (*Rhytipterna simplex*)

SHORT-CRESTED FLYCATCHER (*Myiarchus ferox*)

LESSER KISKADEE (*Pitangus lictor*)

GREAT KISKADEE (*Pitangus sulphuratus*) –

BOAT-BILLED FLYCATCHER (*Megarynchus pitangua*)

SOCIAL FLYCATCHER (*Myiozetetes similis*)

GRAY-CAPPED FLYCATCHER (*Myiozetetes granadensis*)

STREAKED FLYCATCHER (*Myiodynastes maculatus*)

SULPHUR-BELLIED FLYCATCHER (*Myiodynastes luteiventris*)

PIRATIC FLYCATCHER (*Legatus leucophaius*)

TROPICAL KINGBIRD (*Tyrannus melancholicus*)

EASTERN KINGBIRD (*Tyrannus tyrannus*)

Cotingidae (Cotingas)

PURPLE-THROATED FRUITCROW (*Querula purpurata*)

AMAZONIAN UMBRELLABIRD (*Cephalopterus ornatus*) – A female was seen nicely from the wooden tower.

PLUM-THROATED COTINGA (*Cotinga maynana*)

SPANGLED COTINGA (*Cotinga cayana*)

SCREAMING PIHA (*Lipaugus vociferans*) – It was a memorable time to see when this Piha stole the show not with It's colors but with it's calls.

BARE-NECKED FRUITCROW (*Gymnoderus foetidus*) – A few males came to display on the kapok tree just above the wooden tower.

Pipridae (Manakins)

DWARF TYRANT-MANAKIN (*Tyranneutes stolzmanni*)

BLUE-CROWNED MANAKIN (*Lepidothrix coronata*)

WHITE-BEARDED MANAKIN (*Manacus manacus*)

WIRE-TAILED MANAKIN (*Pipra filicauda*) – The most beautiful manakin that we saw.

WHITE-CROWNED MANAKIN (*Dixiphia pipra*) [*****]

GOLDEN-HEADED MANAKIN (*Ceratopipra erythrocephala*)

WING-BARRED PIPRITES (*Piprites chloris*)

Tityridae (Tityras and Allies)

BLACK-TAILED TITYRA (*Tityra cayana*)

WHITE-BROWED PURPLETUFT (*Iodopleura isabellae*)

CHESTNUT-CROWNED BECARD (*Pachyramphus castaneus*)

WHITE-WINGED BECARD (*Pachyramphus polychopterus*)

PINK-THROATED BECARD (*Pachyramphus minor*)

Vireonidae (Vireos, Shrike-Babblers, and Erpornis)

RED-EYED VIREO (*Vireo olivaceus*)

Corvidae (Crows, Jays, and Magpies)

VIOLACEOUS JAY (*Cyanocorax violaceus*)

Hirundinidae (Swallows)

BLUE-AND-WHITE SWALLOW (PATAGONICA) (*Pygochelidon cyanoleuca patagonica*)

WHITE-BANDED SWALLOW (*Atticora fasciata*) – The dark Swallow with the single white band on the chest.

SOUTHERN ROUGH-WINGED SWALLOW (*Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*)

GRAY-BREASTED MARTIN (*Progne chalybea*)

BROWN-CHESTED MARTIN (*Progne tapera*)

WHITE-WINGED SWALLOW (*Tachycineta albiventer*)

BARN SWALLOW (*Hirundo rustica*)

Troglodytidae (Wrens)

SCALY-BREASTED WREN (*Microcerculus marginatus*) [*****]

HOUSE WREN (*Troglodytes aedon*)

THRUSH-LIKE WREN (*Campylorhynchus turdinus*)

CORAYA WREN (*Pheugopedius coraya*)

WHITE-BREASTED WOOD-WREN (*Henicorhina leucosticta*) [*]

Polioptilidae (Gnatcatchers)

LONG-BILLED GNATWREN (*Ramphocaenus melanurus*)

Donacobiidae (Donacobius)

BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIUS (*Donacobius atricapilla*)

Turdidae (Thrushes and Allies)

HAUXWELL'S THRUSH (*Turdus hauxwelli*)

LAWRENCE'S THRUSH (*Turdus lawrencii*) – The Thrush that can imitate any other bird gave us a unique concert.

BLACK-BILLED THRUSH (*Turdus ignobilis*)

GREAT THRUSH (*Turdus fuscater*)

WHITE-NECKED THRUSH (*Turdus albicollis*)

Parulidae (New World Warblers)

BLACKPOLL WARBLER (*Setophaga striata*)

Thraupidae (Tanagers and Allies)

RED-CAPPED CARDINAL (*Paroaria gularis*)

ORANGE-HEADED TANAGER (*Thlypopsis sordida*) – Seen by few people on the river island.

GRAY-HEADED TANAGER (*Eucometis penicillata*)

MASKED CRIMSON TANAGER (*Ramphocelus nigrogularis*)

SILVER-BEAKED TANAGER (*Ramphocelus carbo*)

BLUE-AND-YELLOW TANAGER (*Pipraeidea bonariensis*)

BLUE-GRAY TANAGER (*Thraupis episcopus*)

PALM TANAGER (*Thraupis palmarum*)

SCRUB TANAGER (*Tangara vitriolina*)

MASKED TANAGER (*Tangara nigrocincta*) – A pair was feeding a young when we visited the wooden tower.

TURQUOISE TANAGER (*Tangara mexicana*)

OPAL-RUMPED TANAGER (*Tangara velia*)

OPAL-CROWNED TANAGER (*Tangara callophrys*)

GREEN-AND-GOLD TANAGER (*Tangara schrankii*)

SWALLOW TANAGER (*Tersina viridis*)

BLACK-FACED DACNIS (*Dacnis lineata*)

YELLOW-BELLIED DACNIS (*Dacnis flaviventer*)

BLUE DACNIS (*Dacnis cayana*)

PURPLE HONEYCREEPER (*Cyanerpes caeruleus*)

GREEN HONEYCREEPER (*Chlorophanes spiza*)

CINEROUS CONEBILL (*Conirostrum cinereum fraseri*)

RUSTY FLOWERPICKER (*Diglossa sittonoides decorata*)

CHESTNUT-BELLIED SEEDEATER (*Sporophila castaneiventris*)

CHESTNUT-BELLIED SEED-FINCH (*Sporophila angolensis*)

CAQUETA SEEDEATER (*Sporophila murallae*)

GRAYISH SALTATOR (*Saltator coerulescens*)

SLATE-COLORED GROSBEAK (*Saltator grossus*) [*]

Emberizidae (Buntings and New World Sparrows)

YELLOW-BROWED SPARROW (*Ammodramus aurifrons*)

RUFOUS-COLLARED SPARROW (*Zonotrichia capensis*)

Icteridae (Troupials and Allies)

RED-BREASTED BLACKBIRD (*Sturnella militaris*) – The last bird seen at the airport in Coca.

ORIOLE BLACKBIRD (*Gymnomystax mexicanus*)

SHINY COWBIRD (*Molothrus bonariensis*)

GIANT COWBIRD (*Molothrus oryzivorus*)

EPAULET ORIOLE (MORICHE) (*Icterus cayanensis chrysocephalus*)

SOLITARY BLACK CACIQUE (*Cacicus solitarius*) [*]

YELLOW-RUMPED CACIQUE (*Cacicus cela*)

CASQUED OROPENDOLA (*Cacicus oseryi*) [*]

RUSSET-BACKED OROPENDOLA (*Psarocolius angustifrons*)

CRESTED OROPENDOLA (*Psarocolius decumanus*)

OLIVE OROPENDOLA (*Psarocolius bifasciatus*) – A big Oropendola that we saw from the Pilchecocha lagoon.

Fringillidae (Finches, Euphonias, and Allies)

GOLDEN-RUMPED EUPHONIA (*Euphonia cyanocephala*)
GOLDEN-BELLIED EUPHONIA (*Euphonia chrysopasta*)
ORANGE-BELLIED EUPHONIA (*Euphonia xanthogaster*)
RUFOUS-BELLIED EUPHONIA (*Euphonia rufiventris*)

MAMMALS

LONG-NOSED BAT (*Rhynchonycteris naso*)
GREATER BULLDOG BAT (*Noctilio leporinus*)
PYGMY MARMOSET (*Cebuella pygmaea*)
BLACK-MANTLE TAMARIN (*Saguinus nigricollis*)
GOLDEN-MANTLE TAMARIN (*Saguinus tripartitus*)
COMMON SQUIRREL MONKEY (*Saimiri sciureus*)
SPIX'S NIGHT MONKEY (*Aotus vociferans*)
DUSKY TITI MONKEY (*Callicebus moloch*)
RED HOWLER MONKEY (*Alouatta seniculus*)
WHITE-FRONTED CAPUCHIN (*Cebus albifrons*)
BROWN-THROATED THREE-TOED SLOTH (*Bradypus variegatus*)
BLACK AGOUTI (*Dasycrycta fuliginosa*)
SOUTH AMERICAN COATI (*Nasua nasua*)
KINKAJOU (*Potos flavus*)
RED BROCKET DEER (*Mazama americana*)

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

This trip was not just for birds! We also saw 14 species of mammals and other unique creatures from the rainforest, including:

- Spectacled Caiman
 - Yellow spotted river turtle
 - Rainbow Boa
 - Collared Treerunner Lizard
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Totals for the tour: 299 bird taxa and 15 mammal taxa